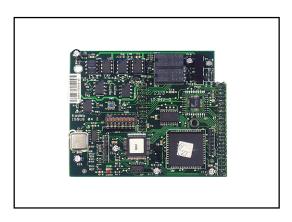


FN-4127-NIC NETWORK INTERFACE CARD



STANDARD FEATURES

- Allows for the expansion of up to 64 panels on a FireNET system
- Enables information to be transmitted between control panels
- Network protocol designed for tolerance to interference and data corruption
- Each card configured to a unique address through use of a dipswitch
- Transmission distance of up to 4,000 ft.
- Uses standard type Belden cable suitable for RS-485 applications
- Simple 2-wire loop connection
- Flexible configuration options
- Network wide Cause & Effect logic
- Fully secure against short or open conditions



- UL 864 Listed S8255
- FM Approved 3033817
- CSFM Listed 7165-0410:0159
- NYC Approved COA# 6171

Specifications subject to change without notice.

SPECIFICATIONS Supply Voltage 24 VDC Nominal Quiescent Current Consumption 40mA 4,000ft Max. Cable Length Cable Type Belden 9271, Belden 9860 RS-485 Protocol Address Setting Dipswitch 32F~120F Operating Temperature Operating Humidity 90%RH

DESCRIPTION

The FN-4127-NIC Network Interface Card allows for the expansion of up to 64 nodes (combination of FACP's or annuciators) on a single FireNET network wide system. Using the Loop Explorer configuration software up to 64 nodes can be programmed to respond to in a variety ways-independently or system wide. The flexibility extends the comprehensive cause and effect programming capability to the entire network allowing actions to be started from any point. The network communication protocol has been designed to be extremely tolerant to interference and data corruption. The simple 2 wire loop connection makes for ease during installation.

ENGINEERING SPECIFICATIONS

The FN-4127-NIC Network interface card shall be compatible for use with a FireNET 4127 digital analog addressable control panel. The NIC shall be mounted on the inside of the FACP and is connected used a standard RS-485 type 2 wire connection. Up to a maximum of 64 network cards can be installed per one complete networked system. The network card shall be addressed by use of a dipswitch.